Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: **1.1** Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations Issue Date: **14/10/2019** Print Date: **14/10/2019** L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART B	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10320

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd	
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand	
Telephone	-64 4 577 0500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

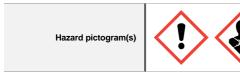
Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 2 9186 1132

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Classification [1] Respiratory Sensitizer Category 1, Flammable Liquid Category 4, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 1, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3	
Legend:	Legend: 1. Classified by Chernwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria 3.1D, 6.1D (inhalation), 6.3B, 6.5A (respiratory), 6.5B (contact), 6.9A, 9.1D		

Label elements



SIGNAL WORD DANGER

Hazard statement(s)

H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
H227	Combustible liquid.	
H402	armful to aquatic life.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Not specified) (Inhalation)	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
P284	[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.	
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

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P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.	
P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).	
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider.	
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use water spray/fog to extinguish.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.	
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
Irocautionary statement(c) Disposal	

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.
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SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
822-06-0	0.1-0.5	hexamethylene diisocyanate
108-65-6	1-10	propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irritation at the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye. Seek medical attention without delay if paint persists or recurs.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. Generally not applicable.
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.
Ingestion	If swallowed do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head- down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rise out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and much as casualty can comfortably drink. Sick medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustible. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. Articles and manufactured articles may constitute a fire hazard where polymers form their outer layers or where combustible packaging remains in place.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of severs or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation.
Other information	 Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Generally packaging as originally supplied with the article or manufactured item is sufficient to protect against physical hazards.
Storage incompatibility	► may react with strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	hexamethylene diisocyanate Hexamethylene diisocyanate (see Isocyanates) 0.02 mg/m3		3 0.07 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	
EMERGENCY LIMITS						
Ingredient	Material name			TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Hexamethylene diisocyanate; (1,6-Diisocyanatohexane)			0.018 ppm	0.2 ppm	3 ppm
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer; (1-Methoxypropyl-2-acetate)		acetate)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH Revised IDLH		Revised IDLH			
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Not Available Not Available		Not Available			

propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	Not Available
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Not Available

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Articles or manufactured items, in their original condition, generally don't require engineering controls during handling or in normal use. Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.	
Personal protection		
Eye and face protection	No special equipment required due to the physical form of the product. ▶ Safety glasses with side shields.	
Skin protection	See Hand protection below	
Hands/feet protection	 Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. 	
Body protection	Overalls	

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the: 'Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'. The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the $\ computer$ generated selection:

RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART B

SARANEX-23 A	Material	CPI
	SARANEX-23	A

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection required in insufficiently ventilated working areas and during spraying. An approved respirator with a replaceable vapour/ mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 1715 Standard, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716 Standard, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Appearance	Clear to hazy colourless liquid		
Physical state	article	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.12-1.15
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	180-192	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	61-75	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Combustible.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	8
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	109

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

	1			
Inhaled	The material may produce respiratory irritation.			
Ingestion	The material may produce adverse health effects following	ingestion.		
Skin Contact	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.			
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).			
Chronic	Practical evidence shows that inhalation of the material is capable of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals at a greater frequency than would be expected from the response of a normal population. Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. Serious damage (clear functional disturbance or morphological change which may have toxicological significance) is likely to be caused by repeated or prolonged exposure.			
RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ		IRRITATION	
PAINT PART B	Not Available		Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
hexamethylene diisocyanate	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: =570 mg/kg ^[2]	Ey	re: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]	
nexametryiene uisocyanate	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.06 mg/l/4h ^[2]	Sk	in: adverse effect observed (corrosive) ^[1]	
	Oral (rat) LD50: =710 mg/kg ^[2]	Sk	in: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]	
			IRRITATION	
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Inhalation (rat) LC50: 6510.0635325 mg/l/6h ^[2]		Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1] Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]	
<i>*</i> •			Skin. no adverse effect observed (not initialing): 2	
	Oral (rat) LD50: 5155 mg/kg ^[1]			
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substan data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of ch		y 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified	
	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even ye No significant acute toxicological data identified in literatu Isocyanate vapours/mists are irritating to the upper respira	re search.	to the material ceases. s; the response may be severe enough to produce bronchitis with wheezing,	

gasping and severe distress, even sudden loss of consciousness, and pulmonary oedema. HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE for 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate: Exposures to HDI are often associated with exposures to its prepolymers, especially to a trimeric biuretic prepolymer of HDI (HDI-BT), which is widely

used as a hardener in automobile and airplane paints, and which typically contains 0.5-1% unreacted HDI. for diisocyanates: In general, there appears to be little or no difference between aromatic and aliphatic diisocyanates as toxicants.

A BASF report (in ECETOC) showed that inhalation exposure to 545 ppm PGMEA (beta isomer) was associated with a teratogenic response in rabbits; PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER but exposure to 145 ppm and 36 ppm had no adverse effects. The beta isomer of PGMEA comprises only 10% of the commercial material, the remaining 90% is alpha isomer. *Shin-Etsu SDS ACETATE, ALPHA-ISOMER

RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART B & HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	Allergic reactions which develop in the respiratory passages as bronchial asthma or rhinoconjunctivitis, are mostly the result of reactions of the allergen with specific antibodies of the IgE class and belong in their reaction rates to the manifestation of the immediate type. Particular attention is drawn to so-called atopic diathesis which is characterised by an increased susceptibility to allergic rhinitis, allergic bronchial asthma and atopic eczema (neurodermatitis) which is associated with increased IgE synthesis. Exogenous allergic alveolitis is induced essentially by allergen specific immune-complexes of the IgG type; cell-mediated reactions (T lymphocytes) may be involved. The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.		
RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART B & PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE, ALPHA- ISOMER	for propylene glycol ethers (PGEs): Typical propylene glycol ethers include propylene glycol n-butyl ether (PnB); dipropylene glycol n-butyl ether (DPnB); dipropylene glycol methyl ether acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether (TPM). A BASF report (in ECETOC) showed that inhalation exposure to 545 ppm PGMEA (beta isomer) was associated with a teratogenic response in rabbits; but exposure to 145 ppm and 36 ppm had no adverse effects.		
Acute Toxicity	Carcinogenicity X		
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	*	STOT - Repeated Exposure	*
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
Legend: X – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification			

 Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for class Data either not available or does not
 Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART B	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECI	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish			22mg/L	1
hexamethylene diisocyanate	EC50	72	Algae o	or other aquatic plants		>77.4mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae o	or other aquatic plants		4.9mg/L	2
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECI	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish			100mg/L	1
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	EC50	48	Crusta	сеа		373mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae	or other aquatic plants		>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	96	Algae	or other aquatic plants		>=1-mg/L	2

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Harmful to aquatic organisms.

for propylene glycol ethers:

Environmental fate:

Most are liquids at room temperature and all are water-soluble. **DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LOW	LOW
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LOW (LogKOW = 3.1956)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	LOW (LogKOW = 0.56)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
hexamethylene diisocyanate	LOW (KOC = 5864)
propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, alpha-isomer	HIGH (KOC = 1.838)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	·Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017	

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Not Applicable

 Marine Pollutant
 NO

 HAZCHEM
 Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard		
HSR002657	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Combustible) Group Standard 2017		
HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATI	E IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATO	RY LISTS	
GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GES	SAMP Hazard Profiles	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	
IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary	of minimum requirements	Chemicals	
IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Nov	ious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	
International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations		Chemicals - Classification Data	
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)		New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	
		New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	
		United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOME I	HYL ETHER ACETATE, ALPHA-ISOMER IS FO	UND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS	
GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GES	AMP Hazard Profiles	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	
IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary	of minimum requirements	Chemicals	
IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Nov	ious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of	
International Air Transport Associatio	n (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations	Chemicals - Classification Data	
International Maritime Dangerous Go	ods Requirements (IMDG Code)	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	
•			

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes

New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	14/10/2019
Initial Date	06/10/2019

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chernwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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