RESENE LUSTA -GLO Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: **3.3**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: **12/10/2020** Print Date: **21/10/2020** S.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product name RESENE LUSTA -GLO Synonyms Incl. White, Pastel, Light, Mid, Deep, Ultra Deep, Magenta Proper shipping name PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) Other means of identification Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	9143, 9281, 9282, 9283, 9284, 9285, 9762

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax +64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE	
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+61 2 9186 1132	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+64 800 700 112	

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.

Classification [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 3, Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 5, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1C, 6.1E (oral), 6.3B, 9.1C

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.		
H303	H303 May be harmful if swallowed.		
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.		

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name	
64742-82-1.	1-5	naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	
64742-48-9. 10-30		naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.				
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.				
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. 				
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. Avoid giving milk or oils. Avoid giving alcohol. If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus. 				

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result				
Advice for firefighters					

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Liquid and vapour are flammable.
Combustion products include:
carbon monoxide (CO)
carbon dioxide (CO2)

▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Fire Fighting

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

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Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	▶ Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

- ▶ Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. $\mbox{\ }\mbox{\ }\mbox{\ }$ Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire.
- Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \beg$
- Other information
- ▶ Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packing as supplied by manufacture		
Storage incompatibility	strong oxidising agents.		

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	White spirits (Stoddard solvent)	100 ppm / 525 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	White spirits (Stoddard solvent)	100 ppm / 525 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Rubber solvent (Naphtha)	400 ppm / 1600 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene)	300 mg/m3	1,800 mg/m3	29500** mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Naphtha, hydrotreated heavy; (Isopar L-rev 2)	350	1,800	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)	1,200	6,700	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)	1,200	6,700	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Petroleum distillates; petroleum ether; includes clay-treated light naphthenic [64742-45-6]; low boiling [68477-31-6]; petroleum extracts [64742-06-9]; petroleum base oil [64742-46-7]; petroleum 50 thinner, petroleum spirits [64475-85-0], Soltrol, VM&P naphtha [8032-32-4]; Ligroine, and paint solvent; petroleum paraffins C5-C20 [64771-72-8]; hydrotreated light naphthenic [64742-53-6]; solvent refined light naphthenic [64741-97-5]; and machine coolant 1	1,100	1,800	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)	1,200	6,700	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Petroleum distillates; petroleum ether; includes clay-treated light naphthenic [64742-45-6]; low boiling [68477-31-6]; petroleum extracts [64742-06-9]; petroleum base oil [64742-46-7]; petroleum 50 thinner, petroleum spirits [64475-85-0], Soltrol, VM&P naphtha [8032-32-4]; Ligroine, and paint solvent; petroleum paraffins C5-C20 [64771-72-8]; hydrotreated light naphthenic [64742-53-6]; solvent refined light naphthenic [64741-97-5]; and machine coolant 1	1,100	1,800	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene)	300	1,800	29500**
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3

Ingredient Original IDLH Revised IDLH Version No: 3.3 Page 4 of 9 Issue Date: 12/10/2020 Print Date: 21/10/2020

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Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	20,000 mg/m3	Not Available
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	20,000 mg/m3 / 1,100 ppm / 1,000 ppm	Not Available

Exposure controls

xposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS / Class 1	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	Air-line*	-	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-3	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	-

^{* -} Continuous-flow; ** - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

miormation on basic physical and chemical properties			
Appearance	Dispersion with mild solvent odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.13-1.33
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	350-440
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	155-185	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	38	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Flammable.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	49-51
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	383-399

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► stable

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Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological info

CTION 11 Toxicological i	nformation				
ormation on toxicological e	ffects				
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Inhalation of high concentrations of gas/vapour causes lung irritation with coughing and nausea, central nervous depression with headache and dizziness, slowing of reflexes, fatigue and inco-ordination.				
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include general discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness.				
Skin Contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be expo- Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts,	sed to this material			
Eye	There is some evidence to suggest that this material ca Direct eye contact with petroleum hydrocarbons can be				
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following. There has been concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations, but there is not enough data to make an assessment.				
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION			
RESENE LUSTA -GLO	Not Available	Not Available			
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse e	effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
naphtha petroleum, heavy,	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]		ct observed (irritating)[1]		
hydrodesulfurised	Oral (rat) LD50: >5570 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin: no adverse	effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >6000 mg/kg ^[1]				
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye: no adverse e	effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin: adverse effe	Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]		
nyuroucsununscu neavy	Oral (rat) LD50: >5570 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin: no adverse	effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >6000 mg/kg ^[1]				
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Subsispecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic	-	ned from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise		
	For C9 aromatics (typically trimethylbenzenes – TMBs)				
NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED	Acute toxicity: Animal testing shows that semi-lethal col For petroleum: This product contains benzene, which compounds which are toxic to the nervous system.	ncentrations and doses vary amongst			
RESENE LUSTA -GLO & NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED	For trimethylbenzenes: Absorption of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene occurs after exposure by swallowing, inhalation, or skin contact.				
NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED & NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRODESULFURISED HEAVY	No significant acute toxicological data identified in litera Animal studies indicate that normal, branched and cycli n-paraffins is inversely proportional to the carbon chain	c paraffins are absorbed from the gas	·		
Acute Toxicity	✓	Carcinogenicity	×		
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	~	Reproductivity	×		
erious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×		
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×		
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×		

Legend:

X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
✓ − Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

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	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
RESENE LUSTA -GLO	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Availabl
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Sourc
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
naphtha petroleum, heavy,	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
hydrodesulfurised	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	0.14mg/L	2
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.277mg/L	2
	NOEC	720	Fish	0.02mg/L	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Sourc
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	=13mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	=0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	18mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	1.4mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.7mg/L	2
	NOEL	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.2mg/L	2
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
nyurouesununseu neavy	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	NOEC	192	Crustacea	=5mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	0.14mg/L	2
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.277mg/L	2
	NOEC	720	Fish	0.02mg/L	2
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4.	CHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Informati US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. EC TI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data		

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

WODING III SON	
Ingredient	Mobility

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Ingredient	Mobility		
	No Data available for all ingredients		

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains
- Recycle wherever possible.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required



Marine Pollutant	NC
HAZCHEM	•3\

Land transport (UN)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	III		
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163; 223; 367 Limited quantity 5 L		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263			
UN proper shipping name	Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class 3 ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable ERG Code 3L			
Packing group				
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
Special precautions for user	Cargo Only Maximum Passenger and Cargo Passenger and Cargo Passenger and Cargo	···		

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

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IMDG Class Transport hazard class(es) IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable Packing group **Environmental hazard** Not Applicable EMS Number F-E, S-E Special provisions 163 223 367 955 Special precautions for user Limited Quantities 5 L

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002662	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity (Closed Containers)	Quantity (Open Containers)
3.1C	500 L in containers greater than 5 L	250 L
	1500 L in containers up to and including 5 L	250 L

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National inventory Status			
National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AIIC	Yes		
Australia - Non-Industrial Use	No (naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy)		
Canada - DSL	Yes		
Canada - NDSL	No (naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy)		
China - IECSC	Yes		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes		
Japan - ENCS	Yes		
Korea - KECI	Yes		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	Yes		
USA - TSCA	Yes		
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes		
Mexico - INSQ	Yes		

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National Inventory	Status
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - ARIPS	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	12/10/2020
Initial Date	29/05/2018

SDS Version Summary

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
2.3.1.1.1	12/10/2020	Acute Health (eye), Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (swallowed), Classification, First Aid (eye), First Aid (swallowed)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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