Resene Paints Ltd Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

lssue Date: 04/02/2021 Print Date: 05/02/2021 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE CLEARCOAT UVS
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10649

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd	
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand	
Telephone	64 4 577 0500	
Fax	+64 4 5773327	
Website	www.resene.co.nz	
Email	advice@resene.co.nz	

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+61 2 9186 1132
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+64 800 700 112

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Skin Sensitizer Category 1	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.5B (contact), 9.1D	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
Signal word	Warning
Signal word	watning

Hazard statement(s)

H402	Harmful to aquatic life.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P321	Specific treatment (see advice on this label).

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

P501

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
25265-77-4	1-5	2.2.4-trimethyl-1.3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate
Not Available	1-5	benzotriazol derivatives

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Alcohol stable foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents.		
Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. 		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Burning release: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. 		

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using personal protective equipment. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Safe handling	 Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	Store in original containers.
Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	► strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

- Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)
- INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	Material name		TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate, 2,2,4-; (Texanol)		13 mg/m3	140 mg/m3	840 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH Revised ID		DLH		
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available	Not Available			

MATERIAL DATA

1,2-Benzisothiazoline-3-one (BIT) produces sensitising effects and causes skin irritation at concentrations of 0.05%. CEL TWA: 0.1 mg/m3; STEL 0.3 mg/m3 total isothiazolinones (Rohm and Haas) (CEL = Chemwatch Exposure Limit)

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	overalls
Other protection	► Overalls.

Respiratory protection

No special measures required.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear to hazy colourless viscous liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.01-1.03
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8-9	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	680
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	69
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	59

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).			
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. Isothiazolinones are moderately to highly toxic by oral administration.			
Skin Contact	Aqueous solutions of isothiazolinones may be irritating or even corrosive depending on concentration. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.			
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as c characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as w Solutions containing isothiazolinones may produce co	vith windburn).	rectives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort ous membranes and cornea.	
	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the	motorial is conchis		
Chronic	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in The isothiazolinones are known contact sensitisers.		either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of nals.	
	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in			
Chronic	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in The isothiazolinones are known contact sensitisers.		nals.	
	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in The isothiazolinones are known contact sensitisers.	experimental anin	IRRITATION	
RESENE CLEARCOAT UVS 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in The isothiazolinones are known contact sensitisers.	experimental anin	IRRITATION Not Available	
RESENE CLEARCOAT UVS	individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in The isothiazolinones are known contact sensitisers. TOXICITY Not Available	experimental anin irrestation	IRRITATION Not Available	

	Skin (rabbit): mild ***			
	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances			
RESENE CLEARCOAT UVS	The following information refers to contact allergens as a Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact Generally,linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hydrophysical and most tissues throughout the body.	t eczema, more rarely as urticaria or	Quincke's oedema.	
2,2,4-TRIMETHYL- 1,3-PENTANEDIOL MONOISOBUTYRATE	Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig, Magnusson-Kligman) *** Ames Test: negative *** Micronucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rat *** * [SWIFT] ** [Eastman] *** [Perstop] The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).			
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×	
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×		×	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation				
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	X STOT - Single Exposure X V STOT - Repeated Exposure X			
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×	
		_ogo	t available or does not fill the criteria for classification to make classification	

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

RESENE CLEARCOAT UVS	Endpoint Test Duration (hr)			Species	Value		Source	
	Not Available	Not Available Not Available		Not Available Not Available		Not Available		
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Spec	ies		Value	Source	
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LC50	96	Fish	n		>19mg/L	2	
	EC50	48	Crust	Crustacea >19		>19mg/L	2	
	EC50	72	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants		8.1mg/L	2	
	NOEC	72	Algae	or other aquatic plants		2mg/L	2	
	-							
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN S V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessme Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data							

The isothiazolinones are very toxic to marine organisms (fish, Daphnia magna and algae)

The high water solubility and low log Kow values of several chlorinated and non-chlorinated indicate a low potential for bioaccumulation. DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW	LOW
Bioaccumulative potential		
•		
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	

Ingredient	Mobility
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW (KOC = 22.28)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

	Le
Product / Packaging disposal	

- Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. egislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. **DO NOT** allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.

 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Consult manufacturer for recycling option. Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available
benzotriazol derivatives	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available
benzotriazol derivatives	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard		
HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017	

2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification	of Chemicals - Classification Data
of Chemicals	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
6.5A or 6.5B	120	1	3	

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	04/02/2021
Initial Date	02/10/2015

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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