RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: **1.2**Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 17/12/2015 Print Date: 17/12/2015 Initial Date: 17/12/2015 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

9219

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Naenae 5011 Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 577 3327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organ	isation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)
Emergency tele	ephone umbers	0800 764 766
Other emergency tele	ephone umbers	Not Available

CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Primary Number	Alternative Number 1	Alternative Number 2
+800 2436 2255	+612 9186 1132	Not Available

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

GHS Classification ^[1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3, Eye Irritation Category 2A, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, STOT - RE Category 2, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.5B (contact), 9.1C, 6.3B, 6.4A, 6.9B, 9.1D

Label elements

GHS label elements



SIGNAL WORD WARNING

Hazard statement(s)

Tidad di ditamoni(o)	
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction

Version No: **1.2** Page **2** of **7** Issue Date: **17/12/2015**

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

The specific chemical identity and/ or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
100-51-6	1-5	benzyl alcohol
25068-38-6	1-5	bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

NZ Poisons Centre 0800 POISON (0800 764 766) | NZ Emergency Services: 111

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: ► Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. ► Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ► Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

► Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

• Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.	
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustion products include: aldehydesother pyrolysis products typical of burning organic materialMay emit poisonous fumesMay emit corrosive fumes.	

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Version No: **1.2** Page **3** of **7** Issue Date: **17/12/2015**

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

Major Spills

Environmental hazard - contain spillage.

Moderate hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact
Other information	► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	► Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	Glycidyl ethers: ► may polymerise in contact with heat, organic and inorganic free radical producing initiators ► may polymerise with evolution of heat in contact with oxidisers, strong acids, bases and amines

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
benzyl alcohol	Benzyl alcohol	30 ppm	49 ppm	49 ppm
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Epoxy resin (EPON 1001)	90 mg/m3	990 mg/m3	5900 mg/m3
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Epoxy resin (EPON 1007)	90 mg/m3	990 mg/m3	5900 mg/m3
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Epoxy resin (EPON 820)	41 mg/m3	450 mg/m3	2700 mg/m3
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Epoxy resin ERL-2795	32 mg/m3	350 mg/m3	2100 mg/m3
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Polypropylene glycol, (chloromethyl) oxirane polymer	6 mg/m3	66 mg/m3	400 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
benzyl alcohol	Not Available	Not Available
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	Not Available	Not Available

MATERIAL DATA

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	NOTE: ► The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. ► When handling liquid-grade epoxy resins wear chemically protective gloves (e.g nitrile or nitrile-butatoluene rubber), boots and aprons.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Version No: **1.2** Page **4** of **7** Issue Date: **17/12/2015**

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the $\ computer-generated$ selection:

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
NEOPRENE	С
NITRILE	С
PVC	С
VITON	С

^{*} CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear colourless liquid			
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.086	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available	
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	8.9	Decomposition temperature	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	740	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available	
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available	
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available	
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	55	
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available	
Solubility in water (g/L)	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available	
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	115	

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.
Skin Contact	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period.
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.

Version No: 1.2 Page 5 of 7 Issue Date: 17/12/2015

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

Chronic

Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals.

Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems.

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER		IRRITATION Not Available	
benzyl alcohol	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: 1000000 ppm/90M ^[2] Inhalation (rat) LC50: >4.178 mg/L/4h ^[2] Oral (rat) LD50: 1560 mg/kg ^[2]	IRRITATION Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg ope Skin (man): 16 mg/48h-m Skin (rabbit):10 mg/24h o	ild
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	TOXICITY dermal (rat) LD50: >800 mg/kg ^[1] Oral (rat) LD50: 13447 mg/kg ^[1]		IRRITATION Nil reported
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances		
BENZYL ALCOHOL	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be a The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and For benzyl alkyl alcohols: Unlike benzylic alcohols, the beta-hydroxyl group of the members of this cluster is For benzoates: Acute toxicity: Benzyl alcohol, benzoic acid and its sodium and potassium salt of all rapidly metabolised and excreted via a common pathway within 24 hrs.	may produce a contact derma s unlikely to undergo phase II o can be considered as a single	metabolic activation.
	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be	specific to this product.	

BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL ETHER RESIN, SOLID	The material may cause skin irritation atter prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic)			
Acute Toxicity	○ Carcinogenicity ○			
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	0	

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	*	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	*	STOT - Repeated Exposure	*
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

The chemical structure of hydroxylated diphenylalkanes or hisphenols consists of two phenolic rings joined together through a hridging carbon

Legend:

★ - Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data required to make classification available

O - Data Not Available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
benzyl alcohol	EC03	168	Algae or other aquatic plants	=16mg/L	4
benzyl alcohol	LC50	96	Fish	10mg/L	4
benzyl alcohol	NOEC	336	Fish	5.1mg/L	2
benzyl alcohol	EC50	48	Crustacea	230mg/L	2
benzyl alcohol	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	500mg/L	2
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	LC50	96	Fish	1.2mg/L	2
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	EC50	48	Crustacea	1.1mg/L	2
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	EC50	48	Crustacea	1.7mg/L	2
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	NOEC	504	Crustacea	0.3mg/L	2
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	9.4mg/L	2
	Extracted from 1. IUCLID	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12			/IN Suite V3.12 -

Legend:

Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

Version No: **1.2** Page **6** of **7** Issue Date: **17/12/2015**

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

for propylene glycol ethers:

Environmental fate:

Most are liquids at room temperature and all are water-soluble.

For bisphenol A and related bisphenols:

In general, studies have shown that bisphenol A can affect growth, reproduction and development in aquatic organisms.

Significant environmental findings are limited.

for 1.2-butylene oxide (ethyloxirane)

Environmental fate: Ethyloxirane is highly soluble in water and has a very low soil-adsorption coefficient, which suggests that if released to water, adsorption of ethyloxirane to sediment and suspended solids is not expected.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
benzyl alcohol	LOW	LOW
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
benzyl alcohol	LOW (LogKOW = 1.1)
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	LOW (LogKOW = 2.6835)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
benzyl alcohol	LOW (KOC = 15.66)
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	LOW (KOC = 51.43)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ► Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.
 - ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Ensure that the disposal of material is carried out in accordance with Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

<u> </u>	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73 / 78 and the IBC code

Source	Ingredient	Pollution Category
IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk	benzyl alcohol	Υ

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006

BENZYL ALCOHOL(100-51-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Version No: **1.2** Page **7** of **7** Issue Date: **17/12/2015**

RESENE AQUAPOXY HARDENER

Print Date: 17/12/2015

BISPHENOL A DIGLYCIDYL ETHER RESIN, SOLID(25068-38-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Location Test Certificate

Subject to Regulation 55 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations, a location test certificate is required when quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below are present.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Approved Handler

Subject to Regulation 56 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 1 to 5 Controls) Regulations and Regulation 9 of the Hazardous Substances (Classes 6, 8, and 9 Controls) Regulations, the substance must be under the personal control of an Approved Handler when present in a quantity greater than or equal to those indicated below.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Υ
Canada - DSL	Y
Canada - NDSL	N (benzyl alcohol; bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid)
China - IECSC	Υ
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Υ
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Υ
USA - TSCA	Υ
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
bisphenol A diglycidyl ether resin, solid	25068-38-6, 25085-99-8

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

This document is copyright.