## **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

### Resene Paints (Australia) Limited

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: 19/06/2019 Print Date: 17/11/2019 L.GHS.AUS.EN

### SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10437

### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited
Address	64 Link Drive Queensland 4207 Australia
Telephone	+61 7 55126600
Fax	+61 7 55126697
Website	www.resene.com.au
Email	Not Available

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	131126	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 2 9186 1132

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

SIGNAL WORD

NOT APPLICABLE

## NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable	
Classification [1]	Not Applicable	
Label elements		
Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable	

## Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

### Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

## Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Substances

Version No: 1.1 Page 2 of 6 Issue Date: 19/06/2019 Print Date: 17/11/2019

#### **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No %[weight] Name

### **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Number Wash out immediately with fresh running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If aerosols, fumes or combustion products are inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

for irritant gas exposures:

- the presence of the agent when it is inhaled is evanescent (of short duration) and therefore, cannot be washed away or otherwise removed
- retail blood gases are of primary importance to aid in determination of the extent of damage. Never discharge a patient significantly exposed to an irritant gas without obtaining an arterial blood sample.
- supportive measures include suctioning (intubation may be required), volume cycle ventilator support (positive and expiratory pressure (PEEP), steroids and antibiotics, after a culture is taken
- ▶ If the eyes are involved, an ophthalmologic consultation is recommended

Occupational Medicine: Third Edition; Zenz, Dickerson, Horvath 1994 Pub: Mosby

For acute or short term repeated exposures to ammonia and its solutions:

- Mild to moderate inhalation exposures produce headache, cough, bronchospasm, nausea, vomiting, pharyngeal and retrosternal pain and conjunctivitis. Severe inhalation produces laryngospasm, signs of upper airway obstruction (stridor, hoarseness, difficulty in speaking) and, in excessively, high doses, pulmonary oedema.
- Warm humidified air may soothe bronchial irritation.
- ► Test all patients with conjunctival irritation for corneal abrasion (fluorescein stain, slit lamp exam)
- ▶ Dyspneic patients should receive a chest X-ray and arterial blood gases to detect pulmonary oedema.

### **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Non combustible.  May emit poisonous fumes.  May emit corrosive fumes.
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Contain spill with sawdust or sand then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
--------------	--

Version No: **1.1** Page **3** of **6** Issue Date: **19/06/2019** 

#### **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

Print Date: 17/11/2019

**Major Spills** 

Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Contain spill with sawdust or sand then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.

Moderate hazard.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Avoid unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with statements.</li> </ul>	
Other information		

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	As supplied by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	None known

### **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Not Available		Not Available	

# MATERIAL DATA

for sodium hydroxide:

The TLV-C is recommended based on concentrations that produce noticeable but not excessive, ocular and upper respiratory tract irritation.

for exposure to ammonia gas/ vapours:

Odour Threshold Value: Variously reported as 0.019 ppm and 55 ppm; AIHA Value 16.7 ppm (detection)

NOTE: Detector tubes for ammonia, measuring in excess of 1 ppm, are commercially available.

### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	CARE: Explosive vapour air mixtures may be present on opening vessels which have contained liquid ammonia.  Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.

## Recommended material(s)

## GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT

Material	CPI
BUTYL	Α
NEOPRENE	A

Version No: 1.1 Page 4 of 6 Issue Date: 19/06/2019 Print Date: 17/11/2019

### **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

HYPALON	С
NAT+NEOPR+NITRILE	С
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	С
NITRILE	С
NITRILE+PVC	С
PE	С
PE/EVAL/PE	С
PVA	С
PVC	С
SARANEX-23	С
SARANEX-23 2-PLY	С
TEFLON	С
VITON	С
VITON/CHLOROBUTYL	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

### **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Emulsion		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.03-1.05
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	10-11	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	2500
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	60
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	0

## **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. 
\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Version No: **1.1** Page **5** of **6** Issue Date: **19/06/2019** 

### **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

Print Date: 17/11/2019

Inhaled	Evidence shows, or practical experience predicts, that the material produces irritation of the respiratory system, in a substantial number of individuals, following inhalation.  Non- irritant  The highly irritant properties of ammonia vapour result as the gas dissolves in mucous fluids and forms irritant, even corrosive solutions.		
Ingestion	Non- irritant Human metabolism allows detoxification of ammonia, however toxic effects appear if this mechanism is overwhelmed by other than small doses.		
Skin Contact	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period.  The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.  Non- irritant. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.  Mild irritation is produced on moist skin when vapour concentrations of ammonia exceed 10000 ppm.		
	No data available, not expected		
Еуе	No data available, not expected		
Eye	No data available, not expected  Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.		
·	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.	occupational exposure may produce	
·	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems. No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Sub	occupational exposure may produce  IRRITATION  Not Available  stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obt	cumulative health effects involving organs or
Chronic RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available	occupational exposure may produce  IRRITATION  Not Available  stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obt	cumulative health effects involving organs or
Chronic RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems. No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Sub	IRRITATION Not Available stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obt	cumulative health effects involving organs or ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Chronic  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Legend:	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Sub specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Tox	IRRITATION Not Available stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obt	cumulative health effects involving organs or ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Chronic  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Legend:  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Subspecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxicity Systems.  Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or evidence in the support of	IRRITATION Not Available stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from the value of the control of the contr	cumulative health effects involving organs or  ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Chronic  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Legend:  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Acute Toxicity	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Subspecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxical Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or evidence.	IRRITATION Not Available stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtaic Effect of chemical Substances en years after exposure to the mater  Carcinogenicity	ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Chronic  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Legend:  RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT  Acute Toxicity  Skin Irritation/Corrosion	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term biochemical systems.  No data available. Not expected.  TOXICITY  Not Available  1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Subspecified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxicity  Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or evice.	IRRITATION Not Available stances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtaic Effect of chemical Substances en years after exposure to the mater  Carcinogenicity Reproductivity	ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise  al ceases.

Legend:

★ - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

## **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### Toxicity

	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECIES	VALUE SOURCE
RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Not Available Available
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data			

In air ammonia is persistent whilst, in water, it biodegrades rapidly to nitrate, producing a high oxygen demand. **DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

## Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

## Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

## **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Version No: **1.1** Page **6** of **6** Issue Date: **19/06/2019** 

### **RESENE WATER LOCK- OUT**

Print Date: 17/11/2019

#### Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains
- Recycle wherever possible.

Product / Packaging disposal

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

#### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	
Canada - DSL	
Canada - NDSL	
China - IECSC	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	
Japan - ENCS	
Korea - KECI	
New Zealand - NZIoC	
Philippines - PICCS	
USA - TSCA	
Taiwan - TCSI	
Mexico - INSQ	
Vietnam - NCI	
Russia - ARIPS	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

### **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Revision Date	19/06/2019
Initial Date	18/06/2019

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Powered by AuthorlTe, from Chemwatch.