RESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR

Resene Paints (Australia) Limited

Version No: 2.2

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **15/01/2024**Print Date: **15/01/2024**L.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product	Identifier
1 I Oudot	Idelitiici

Product name	RESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	11012

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited	RESENE PAINTS AUSTRALIA
Address 7 Production Avenue, Molendinar Queensland 4214 Australia		7 Production Ave, Molendinar QLD 4214 Australia
Telephone	+61 7 55126600	+61 7 55126600
Fax +61 7 55126697		+61 7 55126697
Website	www.resene.com.au	Not Available
Email	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	RESENE PAINTS AUSTRALIA	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	131126	131126	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

NON TIAZARDOGO OFILIMICAL. NON BANGEROOG GOODE. According to the WHO Regulations and the Abo Code.		
Poisons Schedule	sisons Schedule Not Applicable	
Classification [1]	Classification [1] Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 3	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

Hazard statement(s)

H402	Harmful to aquatic life.

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

,		
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

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P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1336-21-6	0.1-1	ammonium hydroxide
25265-77-4	1-5 <u>2.2.4-trimethyl-1.3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate</u>	
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

▶ Put out fire with water, alcohol stable foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents	
Advice for firefighters		
Advice for menginers		
Fire Fighting • Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.		
	Burning release:	

HAZCHEM	Not Applicable
SECTION 6 Accidental relea	se measures

Fire/Explosion Hazard

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

carbon dioxide (CO2)

Non combustible.

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using personal protective equipment. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or

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waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid unnecessary personal contact.
Other information	► Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

• /	
Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	Strong oxidisers

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
ammonium hydroxide	61 ppm	330 ppm	2,300 ppm
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	13 mg/m3	140 mg/m3	840 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
ammonium hydroxide	Not Available	Not Available
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	Not Available	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
ammonium hydroxide	≤ 0.1 ppm	
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.	

MATERIAL DATA

for exposure to ammonia gas/ vapours:

Odour Threshold Value: Variously reported as 0.019 ppm and 55 ppm; AIHA Value 16.7 ppm (detection)

NOTE: Detector tubes for ammonia, measuring in excess of 1 ppm, are commercially available.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. CARE: Explosive vapour air mixtures may be present on opening vessels which have contained liquid ammonia.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	► 'Safety glasses with side shields ► Chemical goggles.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. For esters: Do NOT use natural rubber, butyl rubber, EPDM or polystyrene-containing materials. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	Overalls
Respiratory protection	Not required for properly ventilated areas. Where the concentration of vapours in the breathing zone approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standards" respiratory protection is required. Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

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SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear to hazy dispersion with mild acrylic odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.01-1.03
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8.5-9.5	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	700-1000
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available BuAC = 1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	21

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'.
Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).
Еуе	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.

RESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available

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	TOXICITY IRRITATION		N
ammonium hydroxide	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: 2000 ppm4h ^[2]): 0.25 mg SEVERE
	Oral (Rat) LD50: 350 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbi): 1 mg/30s SEVERE
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	dermal (guinea pig) LD50: >19 mg/kg ^[2]	Eve: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]	
2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol	Oral (Rat) LD50: >3200 mg/kg ^[2]	Eyes - Moderate irritan	t*
monoisobutyrate		Skin - Slight irritant *	
		Skin (rabbit): mild ***	
		Skin: no adverse effect	observed (not irritating) ^[1]
Legend:	specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Tox. Generally,linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy	ric Effect of chemical Substances	ained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
RESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR	specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Tox	ric Effect of chemical Substances	
•	Generally,linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy most tissues throughout the body. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye company to the severe irritation to the eye company.	ydrolysed to their component alcoh	ols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood
ESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR	Specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Tox. Generally,linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy most tissues throughout the body.	ydrolysed to their component alcohomological pronounced inflammation. en years after exposure to the mate **** Ames Test: negative *** Micror **** * [SWIFT] *** [Eastman] **** [Per ed contact causing inflammation.	ols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood rial ends. ucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No stop]
ESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL- 1,3-PENTANEDIOL	Generally, linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy most tissues throughout the body. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye c Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or eve Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig, Magnusson-Kligman) effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rat The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonge	ydrolysed to their component alcohomological pronounced inflammation. en years after exposure to the mate **** Ames Test: negative *** Micror **** * [SWIFT] *** [Eastman] **** [Per ed contact causing inflammation.	ols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood rial ends. ucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No stop]
ESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL- 1,3-PENTANEDIOL MONOISOBUTYRATE	Generally, linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy most tissues throughout the body. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye condition as a symptoms may continue for months or every linear pig, Magnusson-Kligman) effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rate. The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged to the material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or specified to the eye.	causing pronounced inflammation. en years after exposure to the mate """ Ames Test: negative *** Micror """ * [SWIFT] ** [Eastman] *** [Per ed contact causing inflammation. or repeated exposure and may produced.	rial ends. ucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No stop]
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL- 1,3-PENTANEDIOL MONOISOBUTYRATE Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion	Specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxion Control of the process of the most tissues throughout the body. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye of Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or every Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig, Magnusson-Kligman) effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rate. The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged to the material may cause skin irritation after prolonged of the prolonged of the specific of the series of the material may cause skin irritation after prolonged of the specific of the series of the specific of the specific of the series of the specific of the sp	ydrolysed to their component alcohological pronounced inflammation. In years after exposure to the mater of the water and the second of the water and the wa	ols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood rial ends. ucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No stop] fuce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL- 1,3-PENTANEDIOL MONOISOBUTYRATE Acute Toxicity	Generally,linear and branched-chain alkyl esters are hy most tissues throughout the body. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye c Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or eve Not a skin sensitiser (guinea pig, Magnusson-Kligman) effects on fertility or foetal development seen in the rat The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonger the material may cause skin irritation after prolonged of X	ydrolysed to their component alcohologous pronounced inflammation. en years after exposure to the mate of the state of the	ols and carboxylic acids in the intestinal tract, blood rial ends. ucleus, mouse: negative *** Not mutagenic *** No stop] duce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).

Legend:

Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

RESENE SPACECOTE CLEAR	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)		Species	5	Value		Sou	rce
	Not Available	Not A	vailable		Not Ava	ilable	Not Ava	ilable	Not a	Available
	Endpoint	Tes	t Duration (hr)			Species		Value		Source
ammonium hydroxide	LC50	96h	ı			Fish		33.3mg/L		4
	EC50(ECx)	96h				Crustacea		0.83mg/L		5
	Endpoint	Test Dura	ation (hr)	Species	3			Value	s	ource
	EC50	72h		Algae or	other a	quatic plants		15mg/l	N	ot Available
2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	EC50	48h		Crustacea		>19mg/l	2			
monoisobutyrate	NOEC(ECx)	72h		Algae or other aquatic plants		3.28mg/l	1			
	LC50	96h		Fish		16mg/l	N	ot Available		

For Ammonia:

Atmospheric Fate: Ammonia reacts rapidly with available acids (mainly sulfuric, nitric, and sometimes hydrochloric acid) to form the corresponding salts.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

•	
Ingredient	Bioaccumulation

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Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW (LogKOW = 2.9966)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	LOW (KOC = 22.28)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
ammonium hydroxide	Not Available
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
ammonium hydroxide	Not Available
2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ammonium hydroxide is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals
Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 6
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

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SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	15/01/2024
Initial Date	27/02/2018

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.2	14/01/2024	Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking - Supplier Information

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

- ▶ PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- ▶ PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- ► STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,
- ► IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ▶ ES: Exposure Standard
- ► OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ▶ LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- ▶ BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- ► BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- ► PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ► DSL: Domestic Substances List
- ▶ NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- ▶ IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- ► EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ► ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- ► NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ► ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- ► KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- ► NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- ▶ PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- ► TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- ► TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- ▶ FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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